

4-Isopropyl-5,5-dimethyl-2-sulfanyl-1,3,2-dioxaphosphinane 2-sulfide

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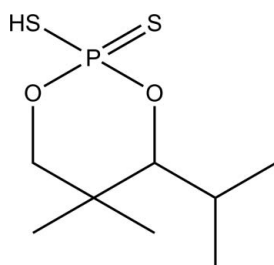
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 123$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.002$ Å; R factor = 0.038; wR factor = 0.094; data-to-parameter ratio = 40.5.

The title compound, $\text{C}_8\text{H}_{17}\text{O}_2\text{PS}_2$, displays a distorted tetrahedral geometry around the P atom. The P atom is part of a six-membered ring with an isopropyl group in the equatorial position. The molecules are linked by $\text{S}-\text{H}\cdots\text{S}$ hydrogen bonds in the crystal packing.

Related literature

For dithiophosphoric acid ligands that form metal complexes, see: Srivastava *et al.* (2010). For applications as lubricating oil additives and load-carrying capacitors, see: Jiang *et al.* (1996); Haire *et al.* (2008); Plaza *et al.* (2001). For a related structure, see: Li *et al.* (2007).



Experimental

Crystal data

$\text{C}_8\text{H}_{17}\text{O}_2\text{PS}_2$
 $M_r = 240.31$
 Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$

$a = 8.2831$ (2) Å
 $b = 13.1532$ (4) Å
 $c = 11.5255$ (3) Å

$\beta = 104.128$ (3)°
 $V = 1217.72$ (6) Å³
 $Z = 4$
 Mo $K\alpha$ radiation

$\mu = 0.54$ mm⁻¹
 $T = 123$ K
 $0.65 \times 0.2 \times 0.1$ mm

Data collection

Agilent Xcalibur Ruby Gemini diffractometer
 Absorption correction: multi-scan (*CrysAlis PRO*; Agilent, 2011)
 $T_{\min} = 0.872$, $T_{\max} = 1.000$

10444 measured reflections
 4979 independent reflections
 3999 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.024$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.038$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.094$
 $S = 1.09$
 4979 reflections

123 parameters
 H-atom parameters constrained
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.45$ e Å⁻³
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.38$ e Å⁻³

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
$\text{S1}-\text{H1S}\cdots\text{S2}^i$	1.20	2.76	3.9456 (5)	170

Symmetry code: (i) $x, -y + \frac{1}{2}, z + \frac{1}{2}$.

Data collection: *CrysAlis PRO* (Agilent, 2011); cell refinement: *CrysAlis PRO*; data reduction: *CrysAlis PRO*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL*.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: BT5962).

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supplementary materials

Acta Cryst. (2012). E68, o2667 [doi:10.1107/S1600536812030188]

4-Isopropyl-5,5-dimethyl-2-sulfanyl-1,3,2-dioxaphosphinane 2-sulfide

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Comment

Organo-phosphorus compounds with sulfur donors have recently drawn more attention due to their adjustable coordination ability and interesting applications as high viscosity lubricant additives (Jiang *et al.*, 1996; Haire *et al.*, 2008) and load carrying capacity (Plaza *et al.*, 2001). As part of our investigation on the organotin dithio complexes (Srivastava *et al.*, 2010), we herein report the synthesis and structure of **I**.

The crystal structure of **I** is illustrated in Fig.1. The conformation of the molecule with respect to P is distorted tetrahedral as reflected by torsion angles O2—P—O1—C1, S2—P—O2—C5 and S1—P—O1—C1 of 41.57 (10), -165.77 (7) and -74.71 (9)° respectively. The phosphorus atom is coordinated by both sulfur and oxygen atoms with the formation of a six-membered ring. The isopropyl group is in equatorial position as indicated by bond angles C5—C6—C8 [108.83 (11)°], C5—C6—C7 [115.18 (11)°] and C7—C6—C8 [110.12 (12)°]. The P—S1, P—S2 and mean P—O distances are 2.0723 (5), 1.9216 (4) and 1.5794 (9) Å, respectively, which are comparable to reported values (Li *et al.*, 2007). The molecules are stabilized by S—H···S intermolecular hydrogen bonds in the crystal packing (Table 1; Fig.2).

Experimental

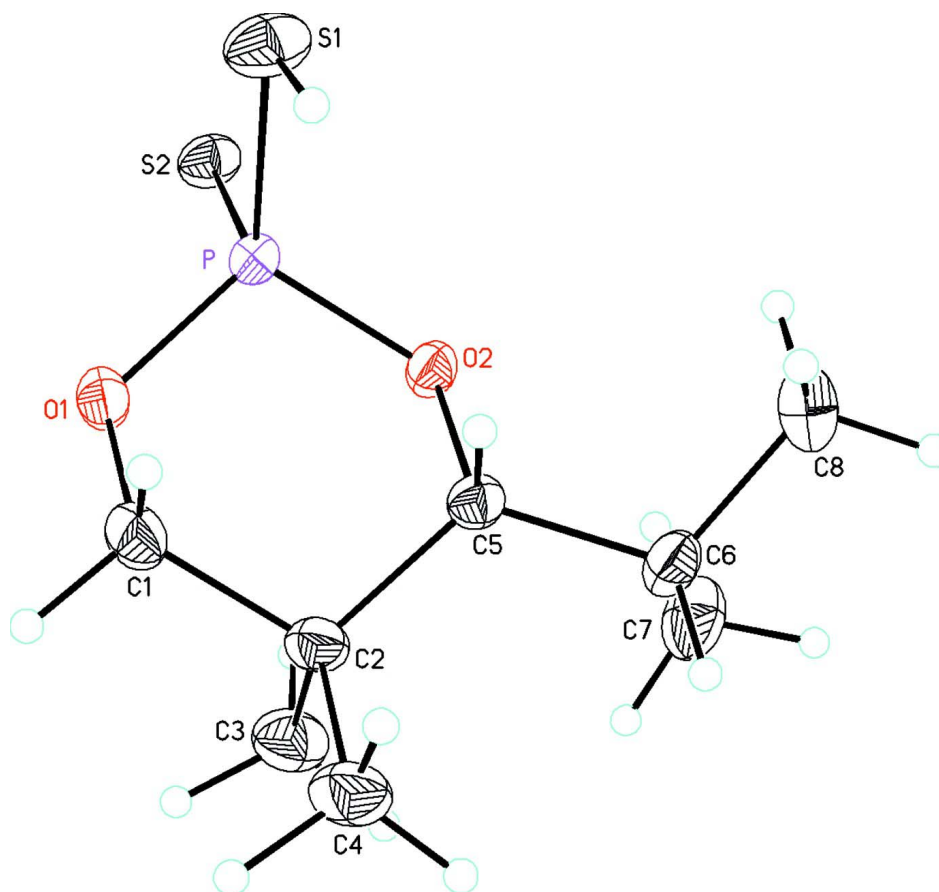
4-Isopropyl-2-mercapto-5,5-dimethyl-1,3,2-dioxaphosphinane 2-sulfide was prepared by the reaction of P₄S₁₀ (4.44 g, 0.01 mol) with *O,O'*-2,2,4-trimethyl-1,3-pentanediol (0.02 g, 0.02 mol) with stirring. The reaction was carried out in moisture free anhydrous condition and in presence of dry nitrogen. The P₄S₁₀ was slowly dissolved in glycol solution (in dry benzene) with evolution of H₂S. The reaction mixture was warmed gently on water bath (60 - 80 °C) in order to complete the reaction. After cooling, a yellow viscous liquid was obtained which crystallizes in deep freezer overnight. White crystal suitable for X-ray analysis was obtained in 60% yield. (M.P.: 336 K). Anal. Calc. for C₈H₁₇O₂PS₂ (%): C, 39.98; H, 7.13. Found: C 39.84; H, 7.05.

Refinement

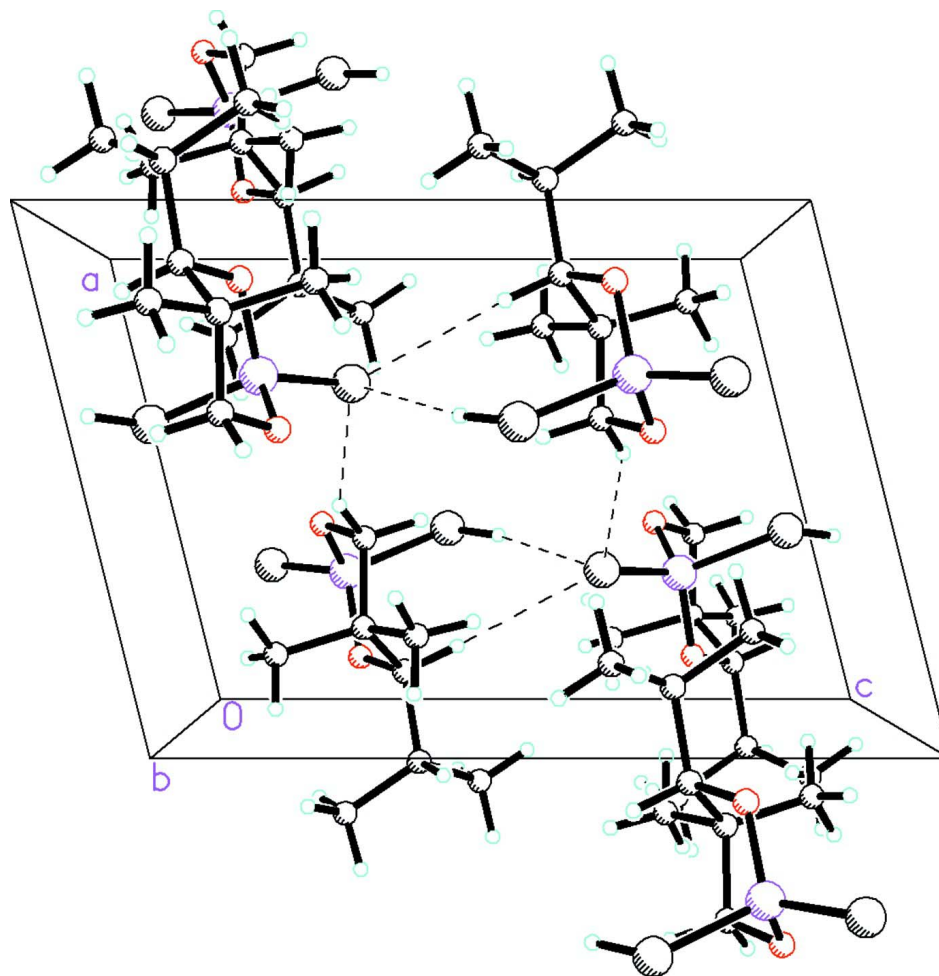
All H atoms were located by a Fourier map. Nevertheless, they were placed in their calculated positions and then refined using the riding model with atom—H lengths of 1.00 Å (CH), 0.99 Å (CH₂) or 0.98 Å (CH₃). Isotropic displacement parameters for these atoms were set to 1.2 (CH or CH₂) or 1.5 (CH₃) times U_{eq} of the parent atom. The torsion angles O—P—S—H of the S—H group and C—C—C—H for the methyl groups were refined.

Computing details

Data collection: *CrysAlis PRO* (Agilent, 2011); cell refinement: *CrysAlis PRO* (Agilent, 2011); data reduction: *CrysAlis PRO* (Agilent, 2011); program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008).

**Figure 1**

Molecular structure of the title compound showing the atom labeling scheme and 30% probability displacement ellipsoids.

**Figure 2**

Crystal packing for (I) viewed along *b* axis. Dashed lines indicate an intermolecular S—H...S hydrogen bonds.

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Crystal data

$C_8H_{17}O_2PS_2$

$M_r = 240.31$

Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$

Hall symbol: $-P\ 2_1/bc$

$a = 8.2831\ (2)\ \text{\AA}$

$b = 13.1532\ (4)\ \text{\AA}$

$c = 11.5255\ (3)\ \text{\AA}$

$\beta = 104.128\ (3)^\circ$

$V = 1217.72\ (6)\ \text{\AA}^3$

$Z = 4$

$F(000) = 512$

$D_x = 1.311\ \text{Mg m}^{-3}$

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073\ \text{\AA}$

Cell parameters from 3599 reflections

$\theta = 3.1\text{--}35.0^\circ$

$\mu = 0.54\ \text{mm}^{-1}$

$T = 123\ \text{K}$

Long plate, colorless

$0.65 \times 0.2 \times 0.1\ \text{mm}$

Data collection

Agilent Xcalibur Ruby Gemini

diffractometer

Radiation source: Enhance (Mo) X-ray Source

Graphite monochromator

Detector resolution: $10.5081\ \text{pixels mm}^{-1}$

ω scans

Absorption correction: multi-scan

(*CrysAlis PRO*; Agilent, 2011)

$T_{\min} = 0.872$, $T_{\max} = 1.000$

10444 measured reflections

4979 independent reflections
3999 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.024$
 $\theta_{\text{max}} = 35.0^\circ$, $\theta_{\text{min}} = 3.1^\circ$

$h = -13 \rightarrow 12$
 $k = -17 \rightarrow 21$
 $l = -18 \rightarrow 17$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2
Least-squares matrix: full
 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.038$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.094$
 $S = 1.09$
4979 reflections
123 parameters
0 restraints
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant
direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier
map
Hydrogen site location: inferred from
neighbouring sites
H-atom parameters constrained
 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0372P)^2 + 0.2639P]$
where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} = 0.001$
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.45 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.38 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
P	0.80019 (4)	0.22223 (2)	0.26248 (3)	0.01693 (7)
S1	0.89229 (5)	0.16081 (3)	0.43126 (3)	0.02970 (9)
H1S	0.8790	0.2219	0.5057	0.036*
S2	0.81069 (4)	0.12077 (3)	0.14460 (3)	0.02277 (8)
O1	0.90574 (11)	0.31992 (7)	0.24915 (9)	0.02352 (19)
O2	0.61912 (10)	0.26399 (7)	0.25326 (8)	0.01907 (17)
C1	0.87839 (16)	0.41289 (10)	0.31086 (13)	0.0249 (3)
H1A	0.9469	0.4682	0.2895	0.030*
H1B	0.9153	0.4019	0.3983	0.030*
C2	0.69484 (16)	0.44550 (10)	0.27866 (12)	0.0207 (2)
C3	0.6409 (2)	0.47148 (12)	0.14512 (13)	0.0303 (3)
H3A	0.7253	0.5148	0.1235	0.046*
H3B	0.5342	0.5076	0.1284	0.046*
H3C	0.6287	0.4087	0.0980	0.046*
C4	0.68450 (19)	0.54015 (11)	0.35475 (13)	0.0288 (3)
H4A	0.7635	0.5915	0.3409	0.043*
H4B	0.7121	0.5214	0.4396	0.043*
H4C	0.5713	0.5679	0.3322	0.043*
C5	0.59607 (15)	0.35802 (9)	0.31797 (11)	0.0182 (2)
H5A	0.6488	0.3453	0.4045	0.022*
C6	0.40844 (16)	0.36803 (11)	0.30692 (12)	0.0231 (3)
H6A	0.3888	0.4362	0.3394	0.028*

C7	0.29883 (18)	0.36110 (15)	0.17915 (14)	0.0349 (3)
H7A	0.1813	0.3621	0.1814	0.052*
H7B	0.3230	0.2977	0.1421	0.052*
H7C	0.3220	0.4191	0.1323	0.052*
C8	0.35565 (18)	0.28763 (13)	0.38615 (14)	0.0317 (3)
H8A	0.2379	0.2970	0.3849	0.048*
H8B	0.4232	0.2946	0.4684	0.048*
H8C	0.3720	0.2197	0.3559	0.048*

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
P	0.01539 (13)	0.01640 (14)	0.01950 (14)	0.00176 (11)	0.00521 (11)	0.00062 (11)
S1	0.03645 (18)	0.03029 (19)	0.02098 (15)	0.00996 (15)	0.00431 (14)	0.00425 (13)
S2	0.02690 (15)	0.02011 (15)	0.02217 (15)	0.00522 (12)	0.00769 (12)	−0.00132 (12)
O1	0.0191 (4)	0.0197 (4)	0.0342 (5)	−0.0022 (3)	0.0112 (4)	−0.0017 (4)
O2	0.0157 (3)	0.0167 (4)	0.0256 (4)	0.0003 (3)	0.0065 (3)	−0.0032 (3)
C1	0.0226 (5)	0.0190 (6)	0.0339 (7)	−0.0054 (5)	0.0084 (5)	−0.0030 (5)
C2	0.0238 (5)	0.0150 (5)	0.0236 (5)	−0.0003 (4)	0.0065 (5)	−0.0002 (5)
C3	0.0390 (8)	0.0260 (7)	0.0273 (6)	0.0021 (6)	0.0106 (6)	0.0053 (6)
C4	0.0352 (7)	0.0171 (6)	0.0344 (7)	−0.0012 (5)	0.0092 (6)	−0.0038 (5)
C5	0.0186 (5)	0.0160 (5)	0.0204 (5)	0.0010 (4)	0.0055 (4)	−0.0015 (4)
C6	0.0186 (5)	0.0234 (6)	0.0282 (6)	0.0027 (5)	0.0074 (5)	−0.0043 (5)
C7	0.0197 (6)	0.0500 (10)	0.0332 (7)	0.0035 (6)	0.0027 (5)	0.0027 (7)
C8	0.0263 (6)	0.0393 (8)	0.0332 (7)	−0.0052 (6)	0.0141 (6)	−0.0030 (6)

Geometric parameters (\AA , $^\circ$)

P—O2	1.5762 (9)	C3—H3C	0.9800
P—O1	1.5826 (10)	C4—H4A	0.9800
P—S2	1.9216 (5)	C4—H4B	0.9800
P—S1	2.0723 (5)	C4—H4C	0.9800
S1—H1S	1.2000	C5—C6	1.5337 (17)
O1—C1	1.4599 (17)	C5—H5A	1.0000
O2—C5	1.4804 (15)	C6—C8	1.529 (2)
C1—C2	1.5355 (18)	C6—C7	1.533 (2)
C1—H1A	0.9900	C6—H6A	1.0000
C1—H1B	0.9900	C7—H7A	0.9800
C2—C3	1.5328 (19)	C7—H7B	0.9800
C2—C4	1.5372 (18)	C7—H7C	0.9800
C2—C5	1.5426 (18)	C8—H8A	0.9800
C3—H3A	0.9800	C8—H8B	0.9800
C3—H3B	0.9800	C8—H8C	0.9800
O2—P—O1	104.46 (5)	H4A—C4—H4B	109.5
O2—P—S2	113.64 (4)	C2—C4—H4C	109.5
O1—P—S2	111.95 (4)	H4A—C4—H4C	109.5
O2—P—S1	108.99 (4)	H4B—C4—H4C	109.5
O1—P—S1	108.79 (4)	O2—C5—C6	106.41 (10)
S2—P—S1	108.85 (2)	O2—C5—C2	109.41 (10)

P—S1—H1S	109.5	C6—C5—C2	120.72 (11)
C1—O1—P	118.53 (8)	O2—C5—H5A	106.5
C5—O2—P	119.65 (7)	C6—C5—H5A	106.5
O1—C1—C2	112.24 (10)	C2—C5—H5A	106.5
O1—C1—H1A	109.2	C8—C6—C7	110.12 (12)
C2—C1—H1A	109.2	C8—C6—C5	108.83 (11)
O1—C1—H1B	109.2	C7—C6—C5	115.18 (11)
C2—C1—H1B	109.2	C8—C6—H6A	107.5
H1A—C1—H1B	107.9	C7—C6—H6A	107.5
C3—C2—C1	109.50 (11)	C5—C6—H6A	107.5
C3—C2—C4	110.43 (11)	C6—C7—H7A	109.5
C1—C2—C4	106.15 (11)	C6—C7—H7B	109.5
C3—C2—C5	114.56 (11)	H7A—C7—H7B	109.5
C1—C2—C5	106.59 (10)	C6—C7—H7C	109.5
C4—C2—C5	109.22 (11)	H7A—C7—H7C	109.5
C2—C3—H3A	109.5	H7B—C7—H7C	109.5
C2—C3—H3B	109.5	C6—C8—H8A	109.5
H3A—C3—H3B	109.5	C6—C8—H8B	109.5
C2—C3—H3C	109.5	H8A—C8—H8B	109.5
H3A—C3—H3C	109.5	C6—C8—H8C	109.5
H3B—C3—H3C	109.5	H8A—C8—H8C	109.5
C2—C4—H4A	109.5	H8B—C8—H8C	109.5
C2—C4—H4B	109.5		
O2—P—O1—C1	41.56 (10)	P—O2—C5—C2	56.81 (12)
S2—P—O1—C1	164.95 (8)	C3—C2—C5—O2	61.00 (14)
S1—P—O1—C1	-74.71 (9)	C1—C2—C5—O2	-60.27 (13)
O1—P—O2—C5	-43.49 (10)	C4—C2—C5—O2	-174.55 (10)
S2—P—O2—C5	-165.77 (7)	C3—C2—C5—C6	-62.90 (16)
S1—P—O2—C5	72.65 (9)	C1—C2—C5—C6	175.83 (11)
P—O1—C1—C2	-54.83 (14)	C4—C2—C5—C6	61.55 (15)
O1—C1—C2—C3	-63.68 (14)	O2—C5—C6—C8	72.23 (13)
O1—C1—C2—C4	177.11 (11)	C2—C5—C6—C8	-162.46 (12)
O1—C1—C2—C5	60.77 (14)	O2—C5—C6—C7	-51.96 (15)
P—O2—C5—C6	-171.25 (8)	C2—C5—C6—C7	73.35 (16)

Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$)

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
S1—H1S \cdots S2 ⁱ	1.20	2.76	3.9456 (5)	170

Symmetry code: (i) $x, -y+1/2, z+1/2$.